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#### **Key indicators**

Single-crystal X-ray study T = 291 KMean  $\sigma(\text{C-C}) = 0.002 \text{ Å}$  R factor = 0.030 wR factor = 0.090 Data-to-parameter ratio = 16.7

For details of how these key indicators were automatically derived from the article, see http://journals.iucr.org/e.

# Bis{2-[(2-oxidoethyl)iminomethyl]phenolato- $\kappa^{3}O,N,O'$ }manganese(IV) hemihydrate

The crystal structure of the title complex,  $[Mn(C_9H_9NO_2)_2]$ . 0.5H<sub>2</sub>O, contains two Mn<sup>IV</sup> units related by a twofold rotation axis and linked by intermolecular hydrogen bonds to a water molecule lying on this twofold axis. Received 3 July 2006 Accepted 19 September 2006

### Comment

Manganese(II) centres coordinated by an O,N,N-tridentate Schiff base can form a variety of compounds which have been found to function as molecular nanomagnets (Aliaga *et al.*, 2001; Soler *et al.*, 2001; Yang *et al.*, 2003). Such molecules have been called single-molecule magnets (SMMs). Interest in SMMs has grown considerably since it was found that a reversal of the direction of magnetization can occur *via* quantum mechanical tunnelling. Recently, an Fe<sub>4</sub> SMM was synthesized by treating FeCl<sub>2</sub>·4H<sub>2</sub>O with a Schiff base ligand generated from the condensation of *o*-vanillin with 3-aminopropanol (Madhu *et al.*, 2005). We present here the structure of a new Mn<sup>IV</sup> complex, (I) (Fig. 1).



The Mn<sup>IV</sup> atom is coordinated by two N and four O atoms of the Schiff base ligands. The Mn-O bond lengths range from 1.8569 (12) to 1.9166 (11) Å and the Mn-N distances are 1.9682 (12) and 1.9771 (13) Å. The structure contains two Mn<sup>IV</sup> units related by a twofold rotation axis and linked by intermolecular hydrogen bonds to a water molecule lying on this twofold axis.

## **Experimental**

A solution of salicylaldehyde (10 mmol) in methanol (10 ml) was added to a solution of ethanolamine (10 mmol) in methanol (20 ml). The mixture was refluxed for 1 h before the addition of  $MnCl_2 \cdot H_2O$  (10 mmol) and  $K_2S_2O_8$  (20 mmol) dissolved in a minimum of water. After filtration, the solution was left to stand for several days, leading to the formation of yellow crystals (yield 65%). Crystals of (I)

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# metal-organic papers

suitable for single-crystal X-ray diffraction were selected directly from the sample as prepared.

Z = 8

 $D_r = 1.511 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ 

 $0.39 \times 0.28 \times 0.21 \text{ mm}$ 

19518 measured reflections

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.0512P)^2]$ 

+ 0.8471P] where  $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ 

 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$  $\Delta \rho_{\text{max}} = 0.25 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$ 

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.43 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$ 

3929 independent reflections

3255 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

 $\mu = 0.80 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ 

T = 291 (2) K

Block, yellow

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.018$ 

 $\theta_{\rm max} = 27.5^\circ$ 

#### Crystal data

 $[Mn(C_9H_9NO_2)_2] \cdot 0.5H_2O$   $M_r = 390.29$ Orthorhombic, *Pbcn*  a = 27.6765 (16) Å b = 10.6137 (6) Å c = 11.6820 (7) Å V = 3431.6 (3) Å<sup>3</sup>

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD diffractometer  $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)  $T_{min} = 0.745, T_{max} = 0.850$ 

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.030$   $wR(F^2) = 0.090$  S = 1.02 3929 reflections 235 parameters H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å,  $^{\circ}$ ).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdots A$
$O5-H1W\cdots O3$	0.884 (9)	1.897 (10)	2.7666 (16)	168 (2)

H atoms were placed in calculated positions (N–H = 0.89 Å and C–H = 0.97 Å) and refined as riding, with  $U_{iso}$ (H) = 1.2 $U_{eq}$ (C,N). the water H atom was restrained, with H–O = 0.83 Å.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: *APEX2*; data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2004); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Siemens, 1995); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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#### Figure 1

Two complex molecules linked by hydrogen bonds (dashed lines) to a water molecule. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. [Symmetry code: (a) 1 - x, y,  $\frac{1}{2} - z$ .]



#### Figure 2

View along the b axis of the packing of the title compound. Dashed lines indicate hydrogen bonds.

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